

# Jekyll and Hyde Assignment

*As you reflect on Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, remember our 4 Worldview Questions: "Where did we come from? What's wrong with the world? How do we fix it? Where are we going?"*

*Not every work of literature will provide complete answers to these questions, but they will often touch on important questions of human nature, values, and the nature of good and evil.*

## Chapters 1-3

1. How are the following characters described by the author:
  - a. Mr. Utterson
  - b. Dr. Jekyll
  - c. Mr. Hyde described
2. What is Utterson's impression of Mr. Hyde? (2-3 sentences)

## Chapters 4-7

3. How does Jekyll change after Hyde has disappeared?
4. What happens when Utterson and Enfield see Jekyll in the window?
5. What have you noticed so far that may reveal the worldview of the book? give some examples.

## Chapters 8-10

6. How do they find Hyde? What is said about his appearance?
7. How does Jekyll describe the relationship between his "good" and "evil" side? (3-4 sentences)
8. What ends up happening with Jekyll's experiment? How does it go wrong?

## Reflection (3-5 Sentences each)

9. Read Romans 3:9-20. What does Paul say about the nature of man? Does man have any inherent goodness? How does this differ from Jekyll's view of human nature?
10. Read James 3:1-4:4. What is the source of our temptation? What does James have to say about those who both bless and curse with their tongue? Compare this with how Jekyll tries to control his evil nature. Do you think that we can give vent to our evil desires and still be in control, like Jekyll does?
11. Read Romans 1:18-32 and 1 Timothy 4:1-5. Paul describes the "seared conscience" of false teachers. A person's conscience becomes seared when they give into temptation over and over again, to the point where wrong seems right. In Romans 1, we see that those who reject God are eventually "given over" to their desires and even celebrate unrighteousness. How does this view compare with Jekyll's experiment in the story?